

Technology Readiness Level (TRL) Advancement of the MSPI On-Board Processing Platform for the ACE Decadal Survey Mission

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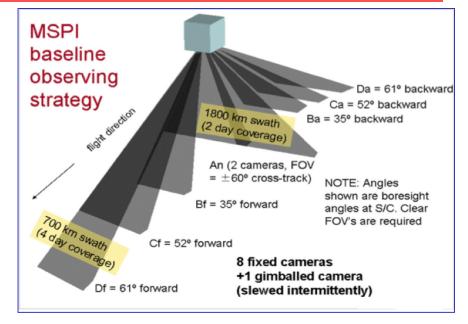
June 21, 2011

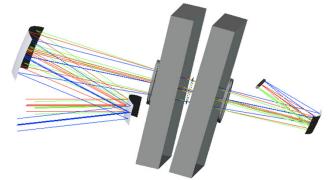




Multi-angle SpectroPolarimetric Imager (MSPI)

- Measures cloud and aerosol properties
- 8-fixed and 1-gimballed cameras, each with 16 channels
- Design goals
 - Acquire accurate multispectral intensity imagery
 - Acquire accurate degree of linear polarization (DOLP) imagery
- Two photo-elastic modulators (PEMs) in optical path for high accuracy in DOLP
- A single MSPI camera must process 95
 Mbytes/sec of raw video data; data
 reduction to 0.45 Mbytes/sec is
 required



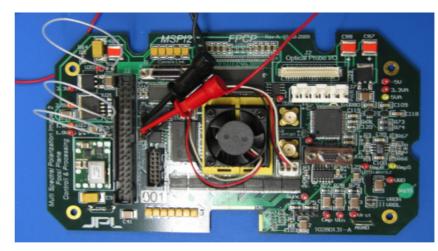


The information technology processing challenge is to apply on-board processing to extract intensity and polarimetric parameters from the real-time data stream across each camera thereby reducing the data volume by 2-orders of magnitude without loss of science information.



AIST-08-035 Task Summary

- On-Board Processing (OBP) to Optimize the MSPI Imaging System for ACE
 - PI: Paula Pingree, Co-Is: Thomas Werne, Dmitriy Bekker
- Objectives:
 - Design an on-board instrument processing system to reduce the data rate by more than two orders of magnitude to meet the spectro-polarimetric image processing requirements for the MSPI instrument.
- We implement the MSPI OBP algorithm on the Xilinx Virtex-5FXT FPGA $TRL_{IN} = 4$, $TRL_{OUT} = 6$



Air-MSPI Focal Plane Control Processor (FPCP) Board

Key Milestones

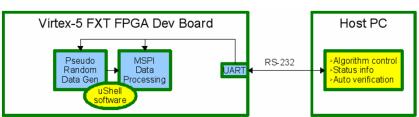
Migrate/modify Virtex-4 linear least-squares processing to Virtex-5 system	09/09
Integrate FPGA development board system into MSPI camera brass-board in laboratory	06/10
Finish design trades on algorithm implementation to optimize performance	12/10
Finish design trades on other DSP train operations to simplify camera design	06/11
Test (airborne pending availability) integrated system on real-time data acquisition	02/12





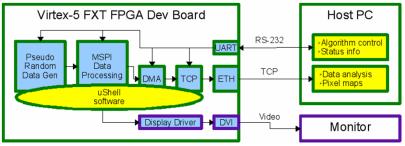
Progressive Demonstration Plan

1.



- Demonstrate MSPI data processing on pseudo-random data
- Auto verify results to known good values
- PC receives data / sends commands via UART
- STATUS: Complete (8/09)

2.

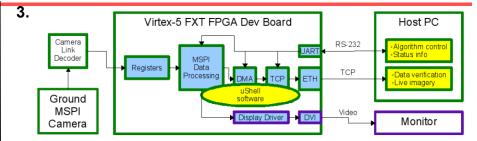


- Add DMA and TCP/IP functionality in order to send realtime processed MSPI data to host for analysis
- Optional: live video feed directly to monitor
- STATUS: Complete (1/10)

KEY

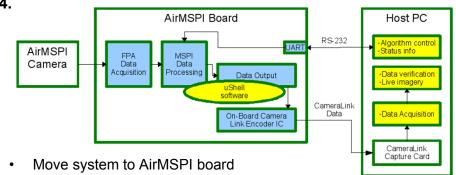
Blue: HW IP, Yellow: SW IP

Green outline: complete, Orange: work in progress, Purple: not started



- Replace random generator with data formatter
- Grab raw data from Ground MSPI camera
- Send real-time processed MSPI data to host for analysis
- · Optional: live video feed directly to monitor
- STATUS: Complete (5/10)

4.

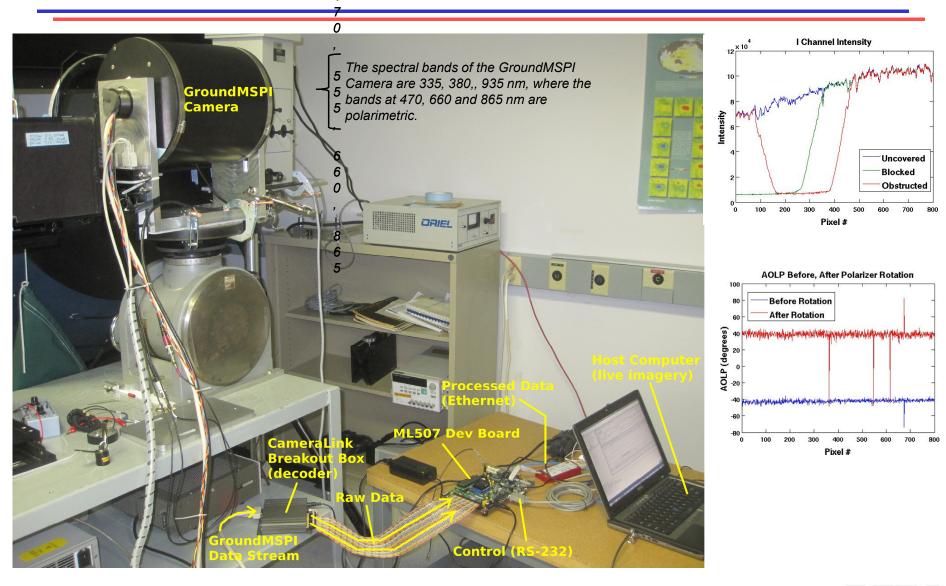


- Replace CameraLink front-end with FPA data acquisition
- Grab raw data from AirMSPI camera
- Send real-time processed MSPI data to host via on-board CameraLink encoder
- STATUS: Complete (1/11)





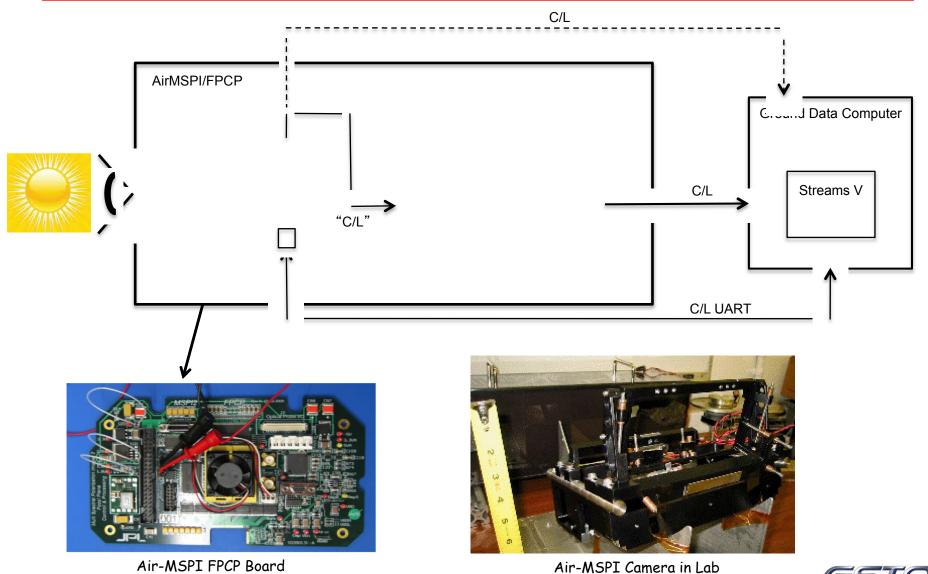
GroundMSPI Demo System





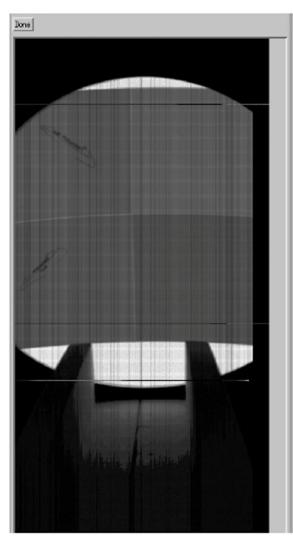


Air-MSPI Demo System





Air-MSPI Lab Demo Results



(a) OBP Processed



(b) Ground Processed

- Image Capture collecting processed intensity produced by OBP algorithm
- Multiplexed Output OBP algorithm output multiplexed into raw data stream and reconstructed on the ground
- Validation with Air-MSPI camera in Lab (in progress)
- Preparing for ER-2 Airborne Demonstration in July





ATI-10 Task: COVE

CubeSat On-board processing Validation Experiment

Spaceborne validation (of polarimetry algorithm and Virtex-5 FPGA) at low cost.

ACE MSPI polarimetry algorithm implemented on the Xilinx Rad-Hard-By-Design (RHBD) Virtex-5 FPGA and integrated into the U. Michigan M-Cubed CubeSat for space validation

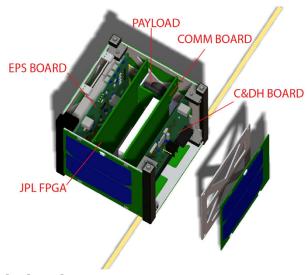
PI: Paula Pingree (JPL)

Co-Is: Thor Wilson (JPL), Prof. Jamie Cutler (U. Michigan), Michael Heywood (U. Michigan)

Approach

- Complete development of the U.
 Michigan 1U CubeSat with a 2.0
 Megapixel CMOS camera chip sensor and integration of the JPL image processing payload (featuring the Virtex-5QV SIRF)
- Manifest the flight on a NASA, or other, launch vehicle.
- Downlink on-board processing results and original image data for verification against ground tests.

U. Michigan M-Cubed 1U CubeSat



KEY MILESTONES

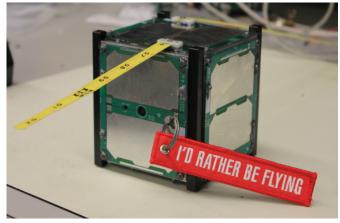
 Engineering development units for JPL payload board and U. Michigan CubeSat complete 	12/10
 M-Cubed flight unit completed and JPL Flight FPGA payload board integrated 	06/11
 Flight unit testing, launch and operations ready, final report 	09/11



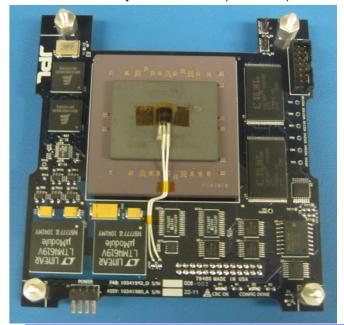


M-Cubed/COVE

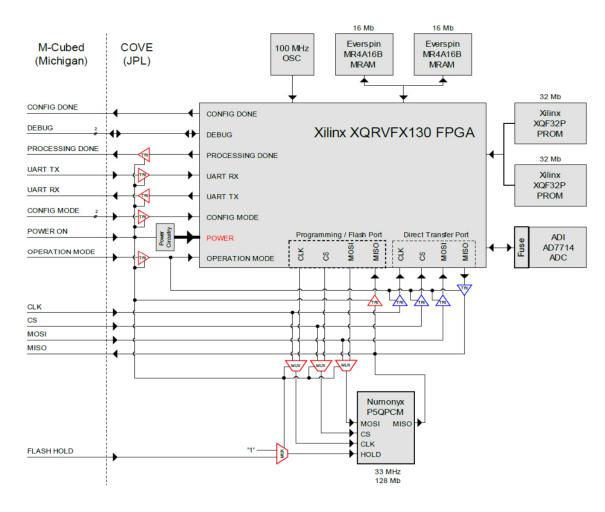
M-Cubed (Engineering Model)



COVE Payload Processor (ES Model)



COVE Payload: High-Level Design Diagram







	Technology Readiness Level (TRL)	Definition	Hardware Description	Software Description
•	4	COMPONENT or breadboard validation in laboratory	A low fidelity system/component breadboard is built and operated to demonstrate basic functionality and critical test environments and associated performance predicitions are defined relative to the final operating environment.	Key, functionally critical, software components are integrated, and functionally validated, to establish interoperability and begin architecture development. Relevant Environments defined and performance in this environment predicted.
	5	COMPONENT or breadboard validation in a relevant environment	A mid-level fidelity system/component brassboard is built and operated to demonstrate overall performance in a simulated operational environment with realistic support elements that demonstrates overall performance in critical areas. Performance predictions are made for subsequent development phases.	End-to-end Software elements implemented and interfaced with existing systems/simulations conforming to target environment. End-to-end software system, tested in relevant environment, meeting predicted performance. Operational Environment Performance Predicted. Prototype implementations developed.
	6	SYSTEM/ SUBSYSTEM model or prototype demonstration in a relevant environment	A high-fidelity system/component prototype that adequately addresses all critical scaling issues is built and operated in a relevant environment to demonstrate operations under critical environmental conditions.	Prototype implementations of the software demonstrated on full-scale realistic problems. Partially integrate with existing hardware/software systems. Limited documentation available. Engineering feasibility fully demonstrated.
	7	System prototype demonstration in space	A high fidelity engineering unit that adequately addresses all critical scaling issues is built and operated in a relevant environment to demonstrate performance in the actual operational environment and platform (ground, airborne or space).	Prototype software exists having all key functionality available for demonstration and test. Well integrated with operational hardware/software systems demonstrating operational feasibility. Most software bugs removed. Limited documentation available.
•	8	Actual system completed and flight qualified through test and demonstration	The final product in its final configuration is successfully demonstrated through test and analysis for its intended operational environment and platform (ground, airborne or space).	All software has been thoroughly debugged and fully integrated with all operational hardware and software systems. All user documentation, training documentation, and maintenance documentation completed. All functionality successfully demonstrated in simulated operational scenarios. V&V completed

NASA TRL4-8 Definitions

AIST08:

GroundMSPI (Lab)

Air-MSPI (Lab)

Air-MSPI (ER-2)

M-Cubed/COVE





MSPI OBP TRL Assessment (Hardware)

Product breakdown		Technology Level Assessment		
System / Subsystem	Assembly	Component	Key Technology Items*	TRL
OBP for MSPI				5
OBP Hardware	Commercial Development Platform			4
		Xilinx ML510 Development Board	V5FX130T, Commercial grade FPGA	4
		Xilinx ML507 Development Board	V5FX130T, Commercial grade FPGA	4
	Ground-MSPI Camera			4
		Xilinx ML507 Development Board	V5FX130T, Commercial grade FPGA	4
	AirMSPI Camera			5/6
		AirMSPI Focal Plane Control Processor (FPCP) Board	V5FX70T, Military grade FPGA	5/6
	<u>M-Cubed/COVE</u>			
		COVE Payload Processor	V5FX130T, SIRF/ES (Rad- Hard) FPGA	8

Xilinx Virtex-5 FPGA
Commercial-grade BGA (w/PowerPC)



Xilinx Virtex-5 FPGA SIRF/Engineering Sample (ES) CGA

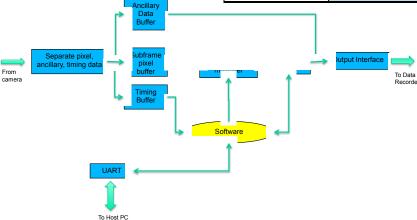






MSPI OBP TRL Assessment (Firmware)

Product breakdown		Technology Level Assessment		
System / Subsystem	Assembly	Component	Key Technology Items*	TRL
OBP for MSPI				5
OBP Firmware	Commercial Development Platform			4
		IP: Multiply & Accumulate		4
	Ground-MSPI Camera	IP: Local Link DMA Front-End		4
	Ground-Wist i Camera	IP: Multiply & Accumulate		4
	A' MODI C	IP: Local Link DMA Front-End		4
	AirMSPI Camera M-Cubed/COVE	IP: Multiply & Accumulate		5/6
		IP: Multiply & Accumulate		7

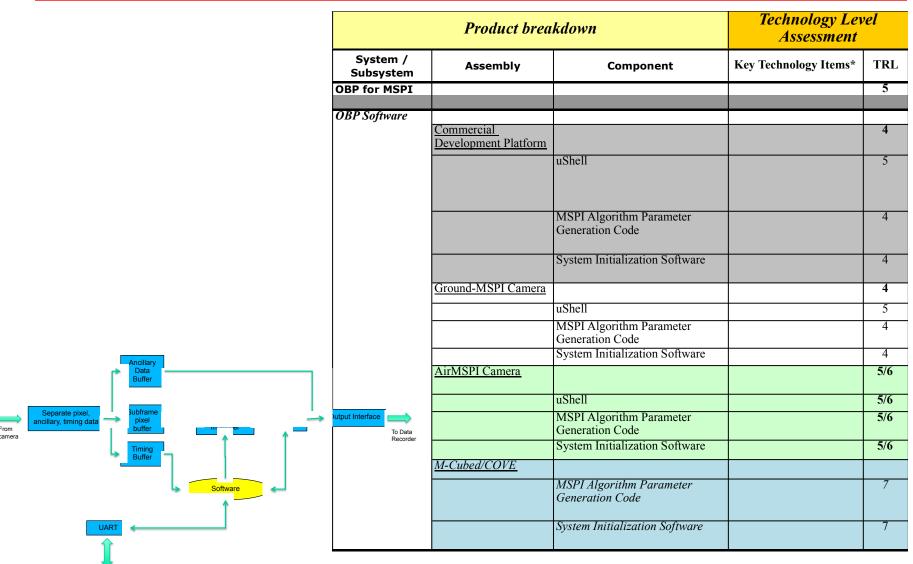






To Host PC

MSPI OBP TRL Assessment (Software)







ESTO CubeSat Flight Validation for Multiangle Spectropolarimetric **Imager (MSPI) Processing for ACE**

David Diner, Paula Pingree et al., JPL

MSPI Airborne engineering flight testing

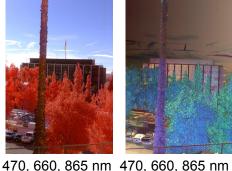


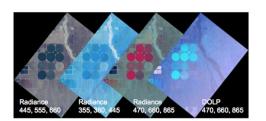
MSPI algorithms/FPGA on CubeSat operating in space environment





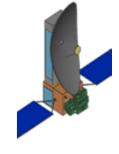










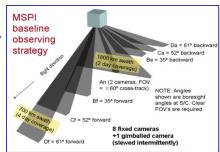


MSPI on ACE

DOLP Intensity







2011 Flight Validated MSPI instrument processor and algorithms

On-board instrument processing enables downlink by reducing

data rate by 2-orders of

magnitude in real time with no

science data lost



IIP-07 and AIST-08 Ground Testbed **Development and Demonstration**



AIST-08 AirMSPI board with algorithms on Xilinx Virtex-5 FPGA







